

## ECE 457 Practice Exam 2

1. Answer the following questions briefly.
- A superheterodyne receiver uses an IF frequency of 2500 kHz. The receiver is tuned to a transmitter having a carrier frequency of 1120 kHz. Assuming that the local oscillator uses high-side tuning, i.e. local oscillator is at  $f_c + f_{IF}$ , find the image frequency.
  - Explain qualitatively why FM detection using PLL does not work when the PLL output is not approximately equal to the desired message signal.
  - Let  $n(t)$  be a white Gaussian noise process with PSD  $S_n(f) = \frac{N_0}{2}$ . Find the PSD of

$$v(t) = [n(t) * h(t)] \cos(2\pi t)$$

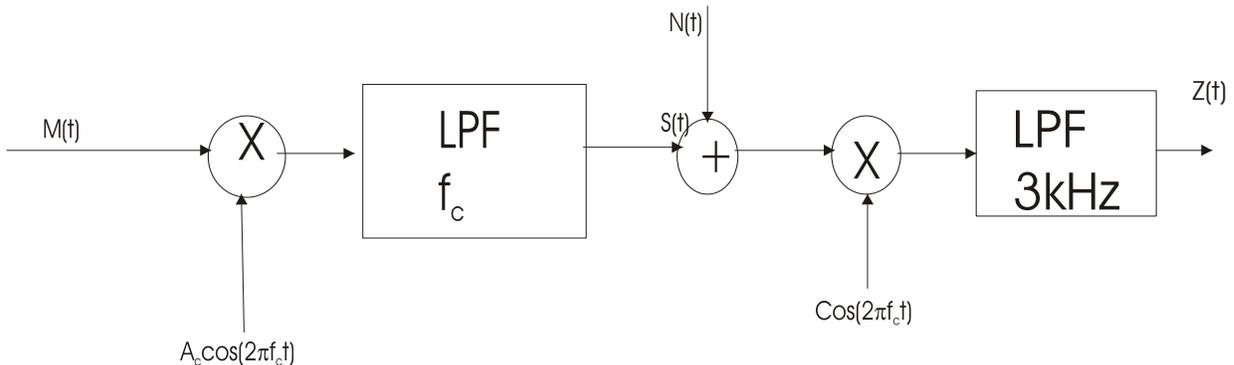
where  $H(f) = \text{rect}(f)$

2. Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  be two independent Gaussian random variables, with mean 2 and standard deviation 4.

$$Y = 2X_1 + X_2$$

- Evaluate  $E[X_1 X_2]$ .
- What's the mean of  $Y$ ?
- What's the variance of  $Y$ ?
- Write the probability density function of  $Y$ ,  $f_Y(y)$ .
- Find  $P[Y \leq 2]$ . (Hint: You will need to use Q-function table.)

3.



Consider the SSB system shown above. We assume an ideal SSB that filters out the upper sidebands to transmit the lower sideband modulated signal  $s(t)$ . In general the transmit power, i.e. the power in the transmitted signal  $s(t)$ , is constrained either by FCC rules or by a certain desired battery life.

Assume the message signal  $m(t)$  has PSD  $|M(f)|^2$  and its Fourier transform is

$$M(f) = \begin{cases} 0.003 & |f| \leq 1.5\text{kHz} \\ 0.001 & 1.5\text{kHz} \leq f \leq 3\text{kHz} \\ 0 & |f| > 3\text{kHz} \end{cases}$$

- Find  $A_c$  such that the power in  $s(t)$  is equal to 100 mW.
- Given  $A_c$  found in part (a), find the power in the demodulator output  $z(t)$  in the absence of noise.
- Now assume that  $n(t)$  is a white Gaussian process with  $S_n(f) = \frac{N_0}{2}$  where  $N_0 = 0.0001\text{mW/Hz}$ . Find the PSD and the power in the demodulator output  $z(t)$  due to noise only.
- Given your answers to (b) and (c), what is the SNR at the demodulator output for this system?
- Repeat parts (a) and (b) assuming you use DSB modulation instead of SSB modulation with the same power constraint of 100mW on  $s(t)$ . What is the SNR at the demodulator output in this case?
- Interpret your results.